

SysML modeling for embedded systems design optimization

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Context & objectives

Context

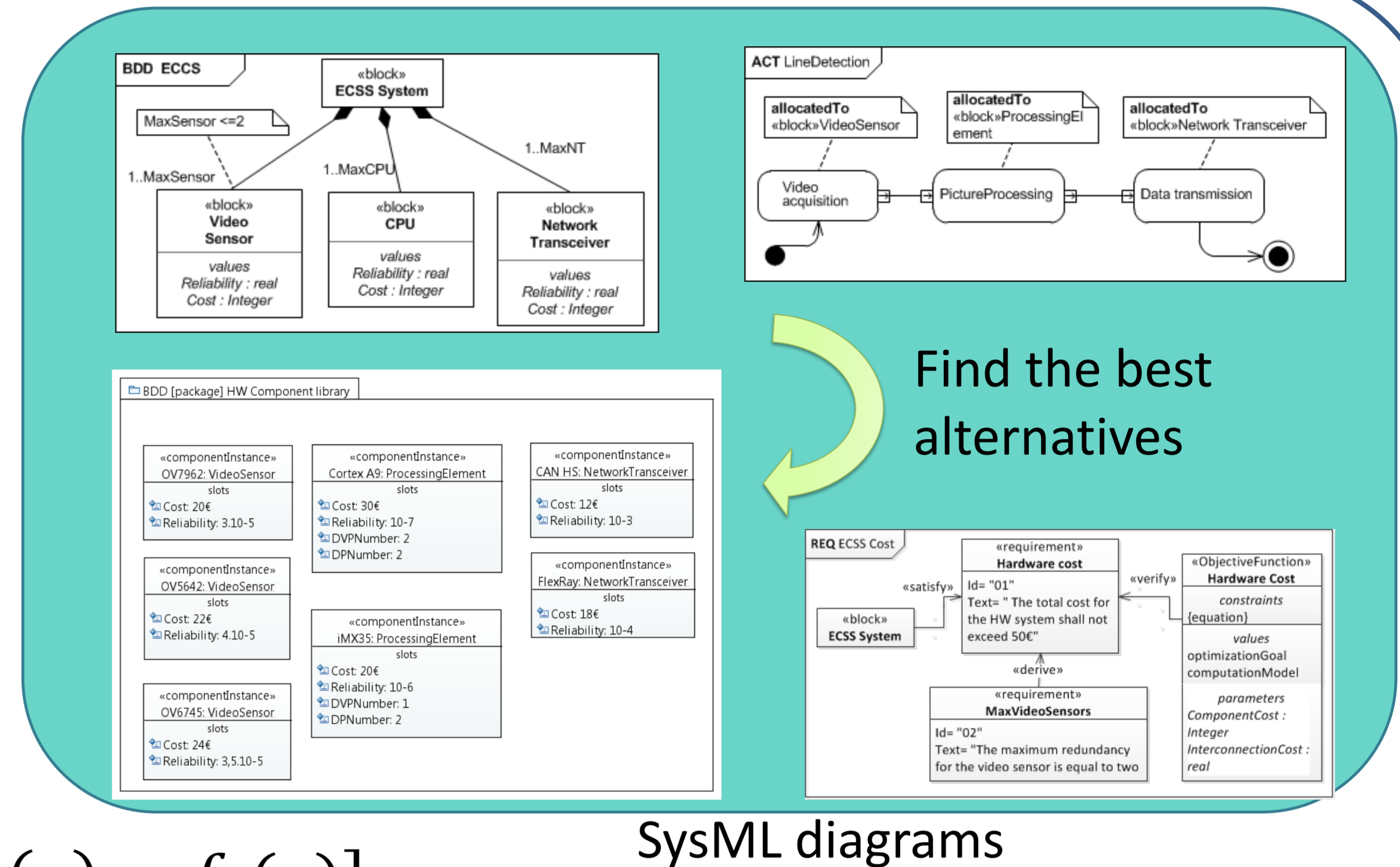
- Embedded system design
- Model-Based Systems Engineering
- SysML Language
- Many design alternatives and constraints



Objectives

- Finding the set of optimal architectures with component selection and redundancy level
- Starting from SysML diagrams
- Minimizing system cost and failure rate

$$\min[f_1(x), f_2(x), \dots, f_n(x)]$$

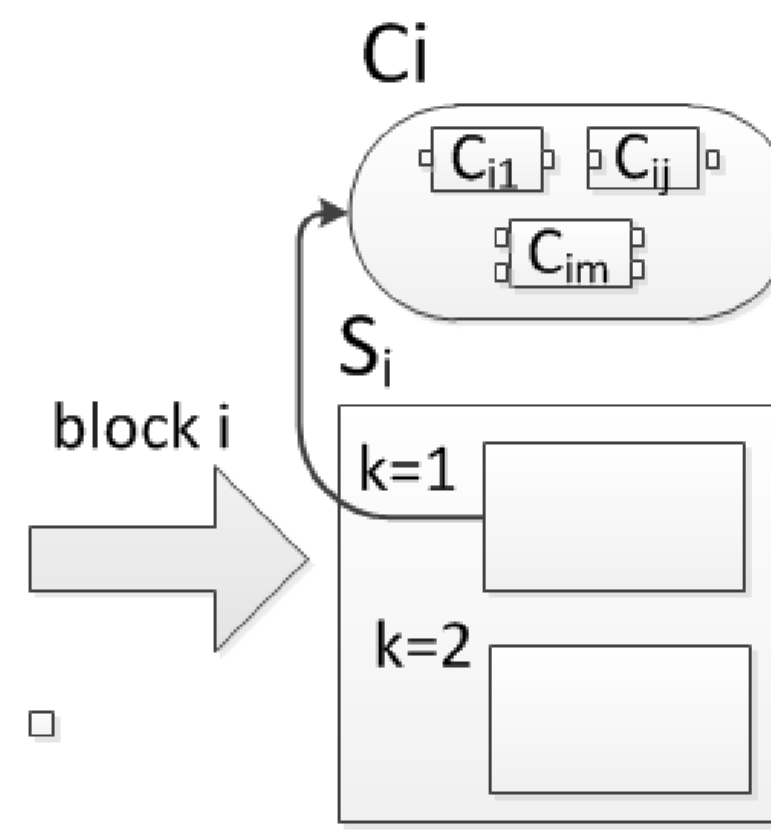
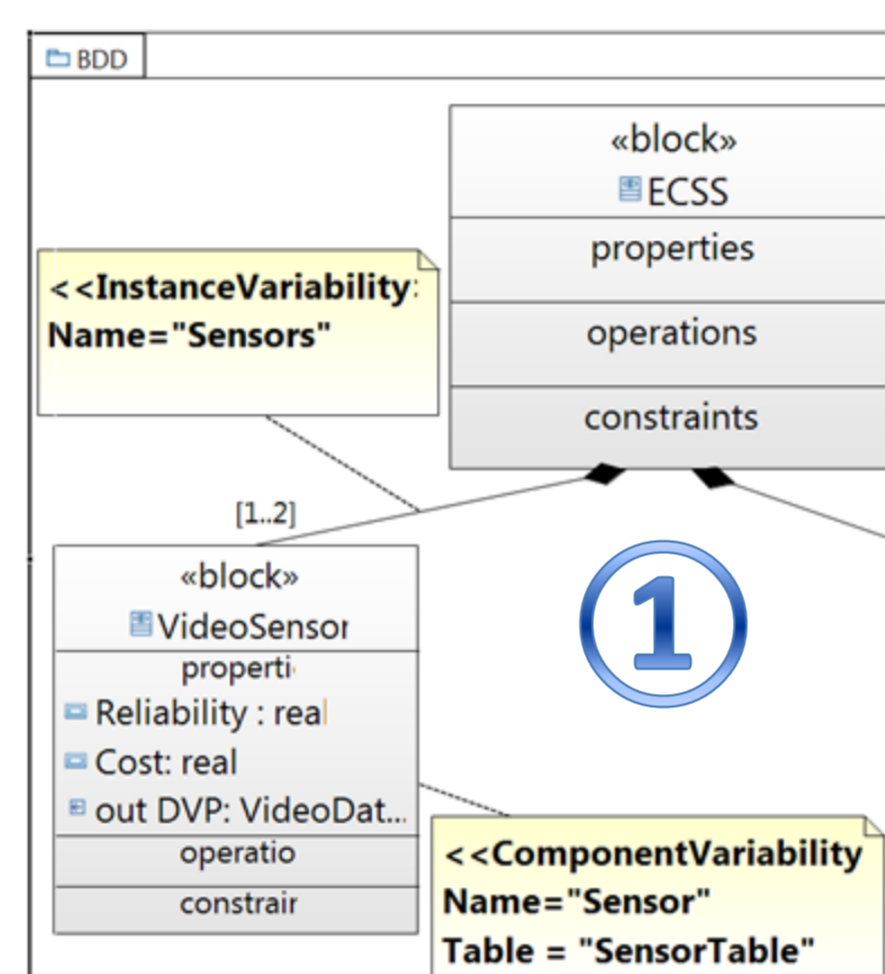


SysML Modeling Steps

1 Instance and component variability are added to the model with new stereotypes

2 Constraints modeling with discrete variables

3 Objectives functions : reliability and cost



$$a_{ijk} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if component } C_{ij} \text{ is used in position } k \\ & \text{of subsystem } S_i \\ 0 & \text{otherwise;} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$$\forall i, j \quad \sum_k a_{ijk} \leq 1 \quad (2)$$

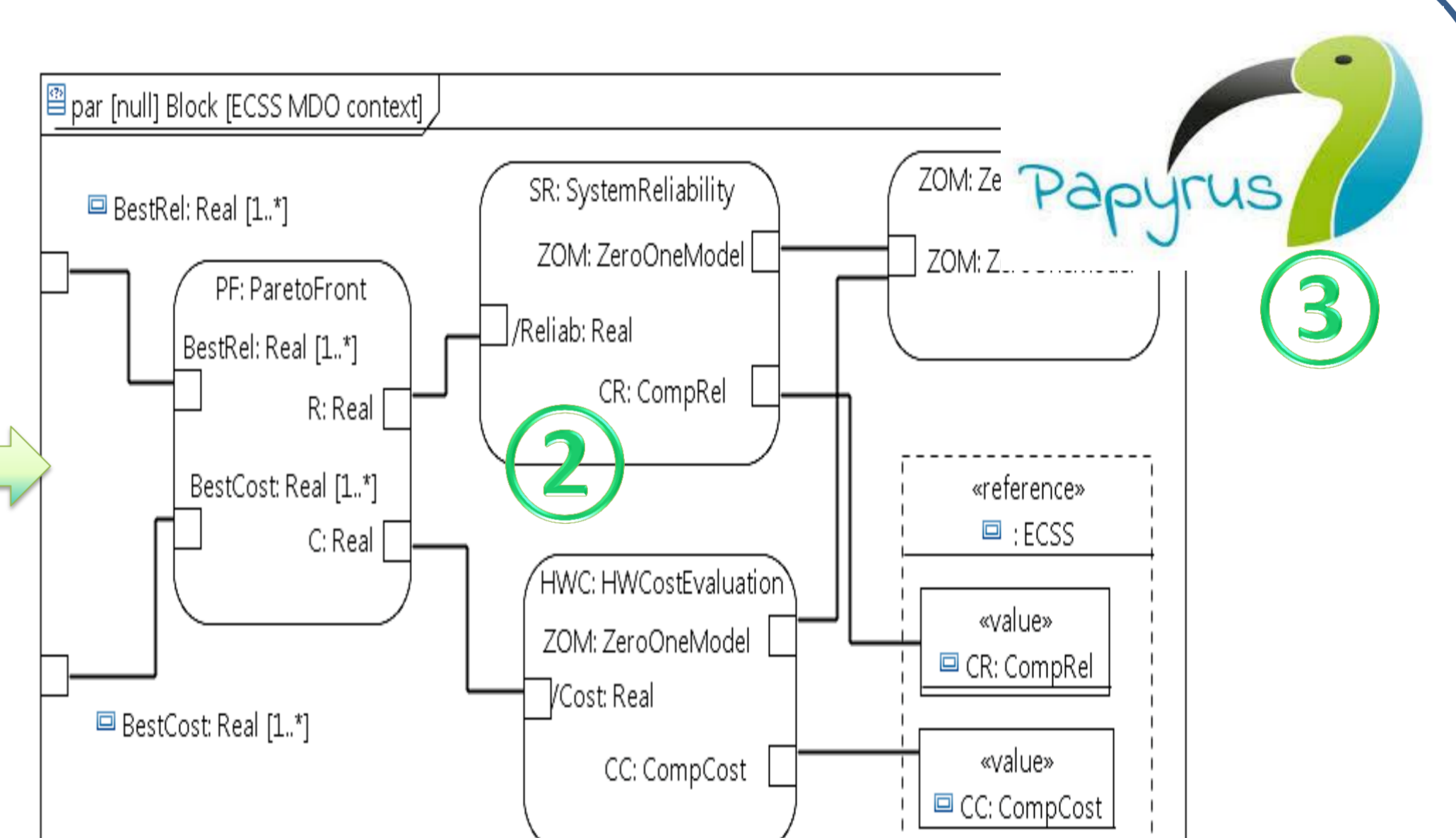
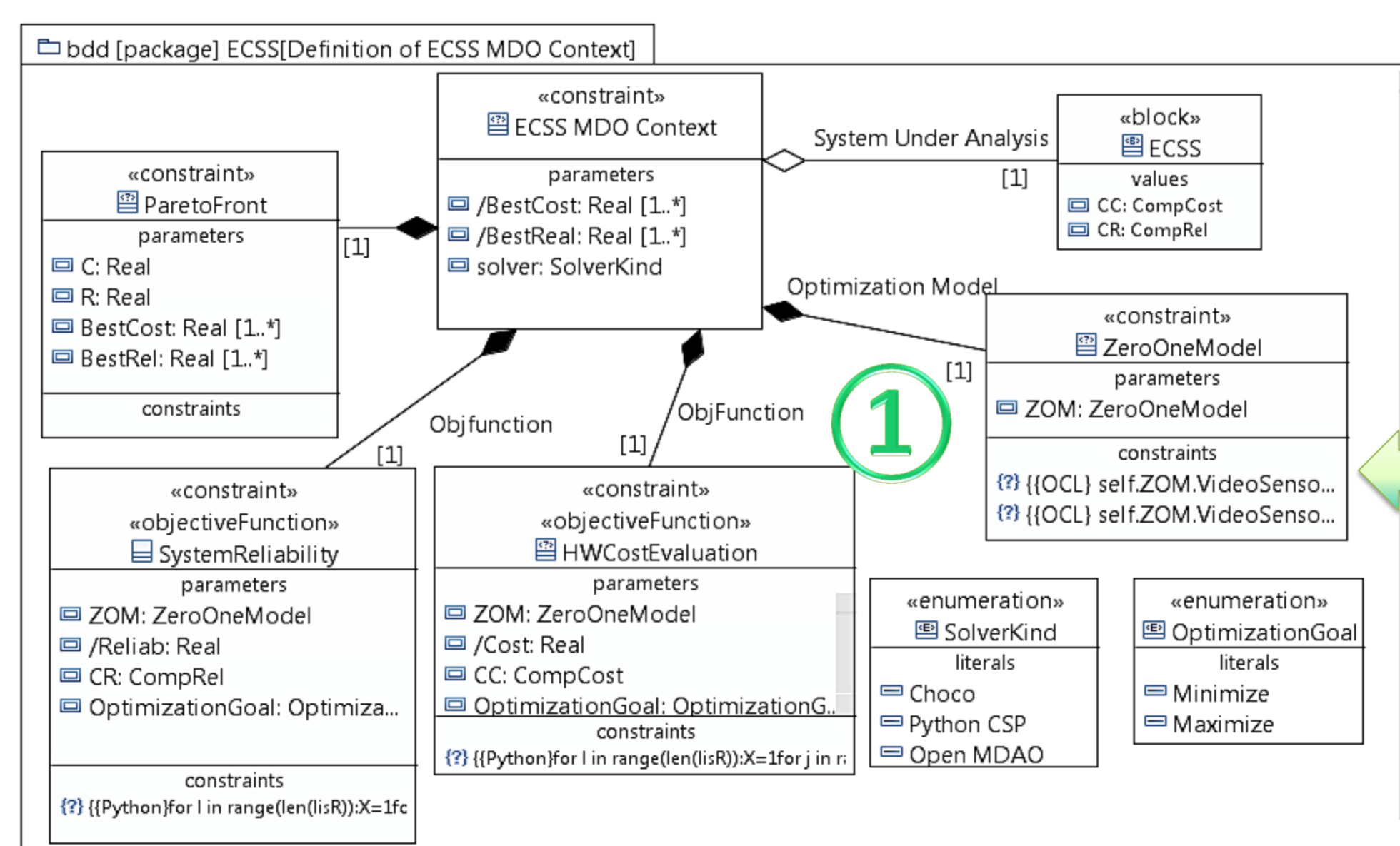
$$\max R = \prod_i \left[1 - \prod_{j,k} [1 - a_{ijk} r_{ij}] \right] \quad (3) \quad \min C = \sum_{i,j,k} c_{ij} \left[a_{ijk} + \exp\left(\theta_i \sum_k a_{ijk}\right) \right]$$

Optimization context

1 Multi Domain Optimization (MDO) context diagram

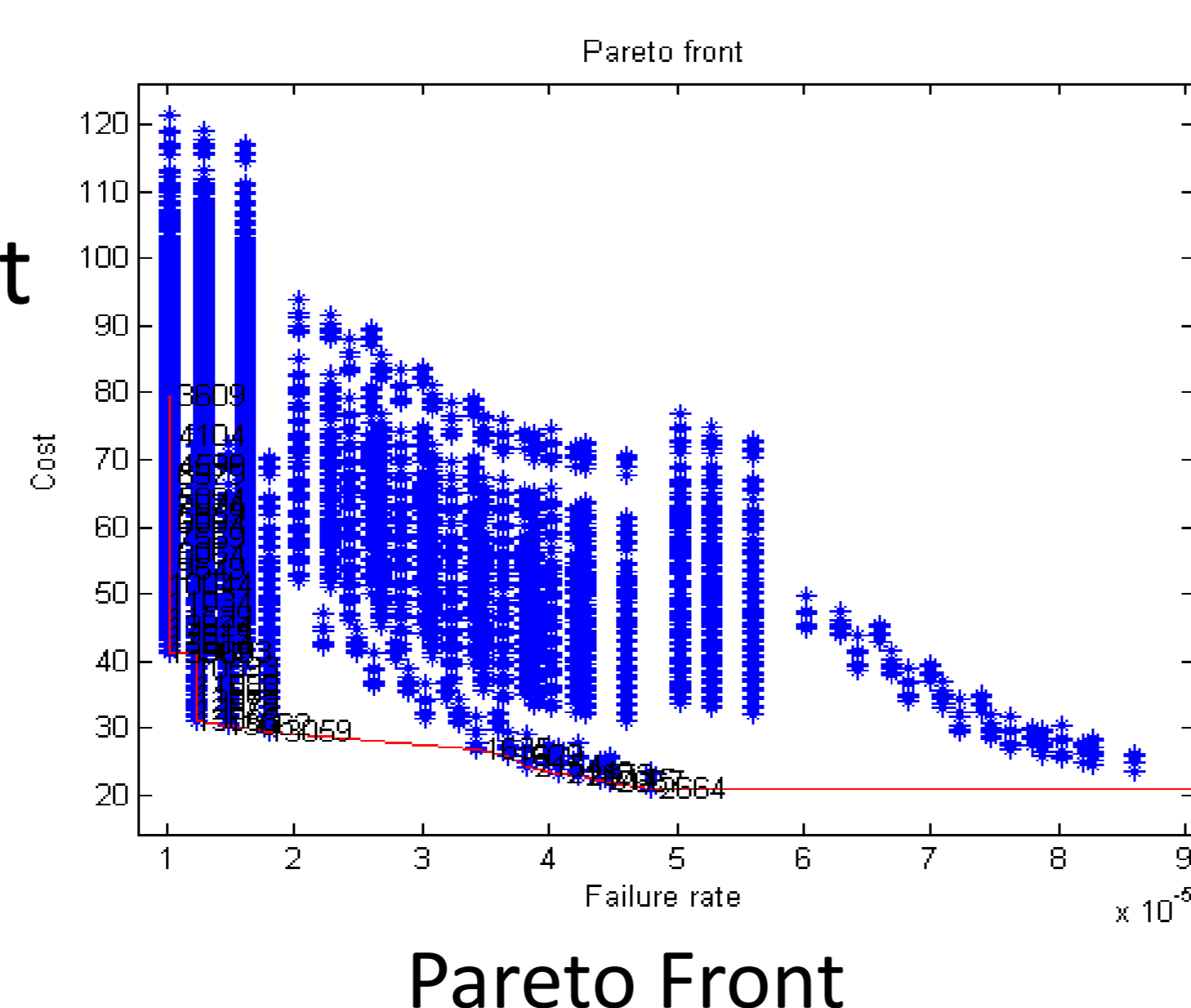
2 Parametric diagram with constraint blocks representing equations and binding parameters

3 Built with Papyrus SysML tool from CEA



Results

- The SysML Model is transformed into a Constraint Satisfaction Problem (CSP)
- The CSP problem is solved with a Python solver (Labix)
- The Pareto front shows the optimal solutions



Sol.	Sens.	CPU	Trans.	Cost (€)	FR (10 ⁻⁵)
1	S1+S1	CPU1	T4+T1	30.32	1.48
2	S1+S3	CPU1	T1+T1	35.09	1.22
3	S1+S3	CPU1+CPU1	T1+T1	41.28	1.02

Configurations selected by end-user